Preference Learning for Real-World Multi-Objective Decision Making

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Multi-objective decision making

In Internet experimentation



User study

Preference elicitation interface



User study

Random vs. optimal outcomes



Summary

- Preference learning for real decision making utility functions in Internet experiments
- Pure exploration (i.e., random) strategy may not be the most efficient strategy for learning a good utility function in practice
- More complex models (e.g., Gaussian Processes) may better model the tradeoffs than simple linear models